

ST BASIL GREEK MELKITE CATHOLIC CHURCH
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Website www.stbasilutica.org



SUNDAY 5TH AFTER PENTECOST
Saturday July 13, Sunday July 14, 2019

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**WEEKLY SERVICES**

**Daily Liturgy:** Monday-Friday at 8:30AM      **Holy Confession:** Every Monday at 4-6PM  
**Holy Liturgy:** Saturday at 4:30PM, Sunday at 11:00AM      **Vespers:** Every Saturday at 3:00PM  
**Matins/Orthos:** Every Sunday at 9:00AM      **Holy Rosary:** Every Sunday at 10:30AM

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SPEEDY RECOVERY

Please continue to pray for our convalescing friends, including Rt. Rev. Edward Kakaty, Archdeacon George Yanni, Jordan Barahmeh, Michael Klockowski, Eugene Hutchinson, Lawrence Bleiberg, Maggy Attalah, Nancy Gazzal, Rose Pawlinga, and Jean Benoit. Please notify Fr. Shofany in case of illness.

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**WEEKLY OFFERINGS: THANK YOU!**

**Weekly Collection July 6/7: \$ 420.00**      **Fuel Offering: \$ 50.00**  
**Cheese Sale: \$ 30.00**      **St. Pauly Textile: \$ 147.62**

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† **MEMORIAL MASSES** †

THIS SATURDAY, JULY 13

† **Christin Brown**, By Anthony & Sandra Showa

THIS SUNDAY, JULY 14

† **Frederick Kopyt**, By Eddie & Carmella Nassimos

† **The Deceased Members of the Stamboly Family**, By Lorraine Tedesco

NEXT SATURDAY, JULY 20

† **Kristin Brown**, By Anthony & Sandra Showa

NEXT SUNDAY, JULY 21

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**\* ANNOUNCEMENT \***

The next Parish Pastoral Council meeting will be held on Mon September 9, 6:30 PM, Rectory Meeting Rm

**PROPHET ELIJAH**

**Elijah the Wonderworker:** The Scriptures recount several marvels in the life of Elijah for which he is especially revered. The most dramatic involves the drought brought about by the prophet who warned the king, “*There will be no dew or rain except at my bidding*” (1 Kgs 17:1). The three-year long drought was ended at Elijah’s prayer, after the prophets of Baal had failed to do so, bringing about the conversion of the people to the LORD. “*When they saw this, all the people flung themselves on their faces and cried out: ‘The LORD alone is God! The LORD alone is God!’*” (1 Kgs 18:39).

A series of wonders took place in Zarephath, a village near Sidon. There Elijah multiplied flour and oil for a poor widow so that “*she and her household had food for a long time*” (1 Kgs 17:15). Elijah also restored the widow’s son to life after a fatal illness had claimed him by prostrating himself three times over the child and praying, “*O LORD, let this child’s life return to his body*” (1 Kgs 17:21). St Ephrem the Syrian would see this triple prostration as an image of Christ’s triple descent (to becoming man, to death, and to Hades) in order to bring life to the human race.

**Elijah the Ascetic:** Monastics in the Christian East have long revered Elijah as a kind of proto monk, a deserted Weller for the Lord. During the drought God sent Elijah east of the Jordan to Wadi Cherith, a secluded ravine out of Ahab’s reach where “*ravens brought him bread and meat morning and evening, and he drank from the river*” (1 Kgs 17:6). Modern commentators have noted that the original Hebrew text has no vowels and that the same consonants in the word *ravens* can also be read as *Arabs*. Perhaps Bedouin tribesmen brought food to Elijah in his wilderness retreat as their descendants would assist hermits in later centuries. Monastics also identified with Elijah’s forty-day fast on his journey to Mount Horeb (see 1 Kgs 19:8). At the conclusion of this fast the LORD revealed His presence to Elijah in “*a still, small voice*” (1 Kgs 19:12). This they saw as an icon of the monastic life. The monk distances himself from the world through fasting and other ascetic practices to pursue communion with God (*theosis*).

**Elijah and Mount Carmel:** Several events in the life of the prophet Elijah are connected with Mount Carmel, a promontory on the Mediterranean near the city of Haifa. Christians, Druze, Jews and Muslims all revere this place for its connection with Elijah. Early in the spread of monasticism ascetics settled in the area, often living in caves on the outcropping.

When Western monks came to the Holy Land during the Crusades, they found Eastern hermits settled on Carmel and stayed among them. The Western monks adopted the Easterners’ way of life in the spirit of Elijah. When they returned to Europe, however, these “Carmelites” were obliged to adopt a communal way of life. While living as a hermit was considered the summit of monastic life in the East, it was seen as eccentric in the West.

**Elijah’s Return:** The last Old Testament prophetic book, Malachi, ends with these words of the LORD: “*Lo, I will send the prophet Elijah before the coming of the awesome, fearful day of the LORD. He shall reconcile parents with children and children with their parents so that, when I come, I do not strike the whole land with utter destruction*” (Mal 3:23-24). Believing Jews saw Elijah’s return as a herald of the Messiah’s coming. To this day many Jews pray every Sabbath: “Elijah the prophet, Elijah the Thisbite – let him come quickly in our day with the Messiah, the son of David.”

Christians, of course, believe that the Messiah has come – it is Jesus. Jesus Himself identified John the Baptist as Elijah come again: “*If you are willing to receive it, he is Elijah who is to come*” (Mt 11:14). But Christians also believe that Elijah is “the herald of the Second Coming of Christ” (aposticha): the coming in power at the end of the age. In 2 Kgs 2:11 we read “*And it came to pass while they [Elijah and Elisha] were walking, speaking together as they walked, behold, a chariot of fire came between the two of them and Elijah was swept up in a whirlwind...*” The current Hebrew text, on which most modern translations are based, says that Elijah was swept up “*into heaven.*” (*JulyLeaflets2019*)